CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 9 and 18-20 without prejudice and enter new claims 33-40.

Claims 1-32 (Canceled)

33. (New) A method for performing an initial handshake during secure communications in a computer network comprising:

coupling a client to a web server;

generating a public/private key pair at the web server by:

generating prime numbers r₁ and r₂;

generating N by multiplying r₁ and r₂;

selecting arbitrary numbers p and q;

generating d such that $d = r_1 \mod(p-1)$ and also $d = r_2 \mod(q-1)$; and

calculating e' by multiplying d⁻¹ and mod φ (N) whereby the public key is [N, e'] and the private key is [r_1 , r_2];

using the public key to encrypt a pre-master secret R such that the encrypted pre-master secret R is a secret encrypted C, at the client;

sending the secret encrypted C to the web server from the client;

receiving the secret encrypted C at the web server;

decrypting the secret encrypted C to obtain the encrypted pre-master secret R at the web server; and

using the encrypted pre-master secret R to establish a session encryption key.

- 34. (New) The method as recited in claim 33 wherein the secure communications include Secure Socket Layer ("SSL") messages.
- 35. (New) The method as recited in claim 33 wherein the secure communications include Transport Layer Security ("TLS") messages.
- 36. (New) The method as recited in claim 33 wherein the secure communications include Internet protocol secure ("IPSec") messages.
- 37. (New) A method for performing an initial handshake during secure communications in a computer network comprising:

coupling a client to a web server;

generating a public/private key pair at the web server based upon a selection of a pair of prime numbers and a pair of arbitrarily selected numbers;

using the public key to encrypt a pre-master secret R such that the encrypted pre-master secret R is a secret encrypted C, at the client;

sending the secret encrypted C to the web server from the client; receiving the secret encrypted C at the web server;

decrypting the secret encrypted C to obtain the encrypted pre-master secret R at the web server; and

using the encrypted pre-master secret R to establish a session encryption key.

- 38. (New) The method as recited in claim 37 wherein the secure communications include Secure Socket Layer ("SSL") messages.
- 39. (New) The method as recited in claim 37 wherein the secure communications include Transport Layer Security ("TLS") messages.
- 40. (New) The method as recited in claim 37 wherein the secure communications include Internet protocol secure ("IPSec") messages.